

Sistem Monitoring Energy Mobil Listrik Terintegrasi IoT : Studi Kasus IMEI TEAM UMSIDA

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Progam Studi

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Pendahuluan

Perkembangan teknologi yang semakin cepat disertai konsumsi bahan bakar fosil yang terus meningkat menimbulkan dampak negatif bagi kelestarian lingkungan serta memberikan tantangan terkait inovasi mengenai permasalahan tersebut, Kendaraan berbahan bakar listrik menjadi salah satu inovasi yang relevan untuk mengurangi polusi udara dan menimbulkan emisi gas buang kendaraan berbahan bakar fosil terhadap pemanasan global

Pertanyaan Penelitian (Rumusan Masalah)

1. Mengetahui konsumsi energy kendaraan keadaan real time ?
2. Mencari solusi yang tepat untuk mengemudi yang lebih efisien ?

Langkah Penelitian

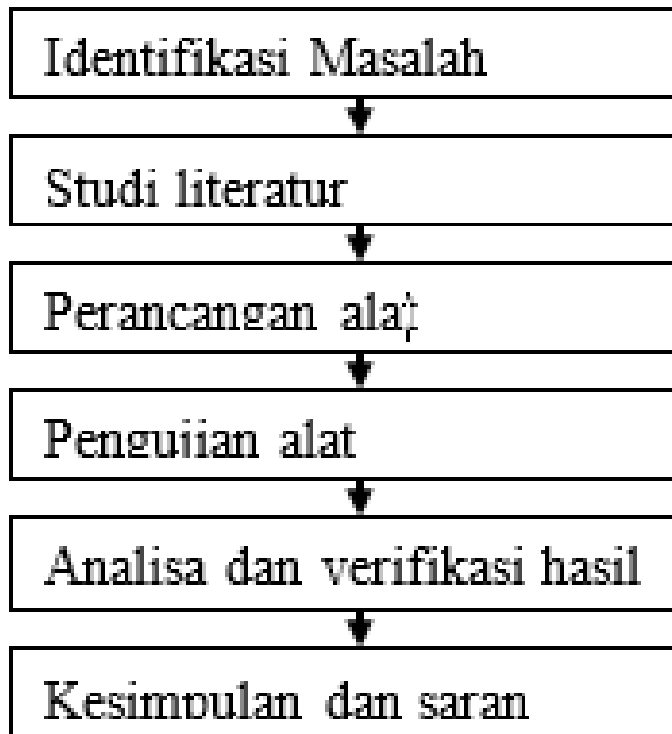
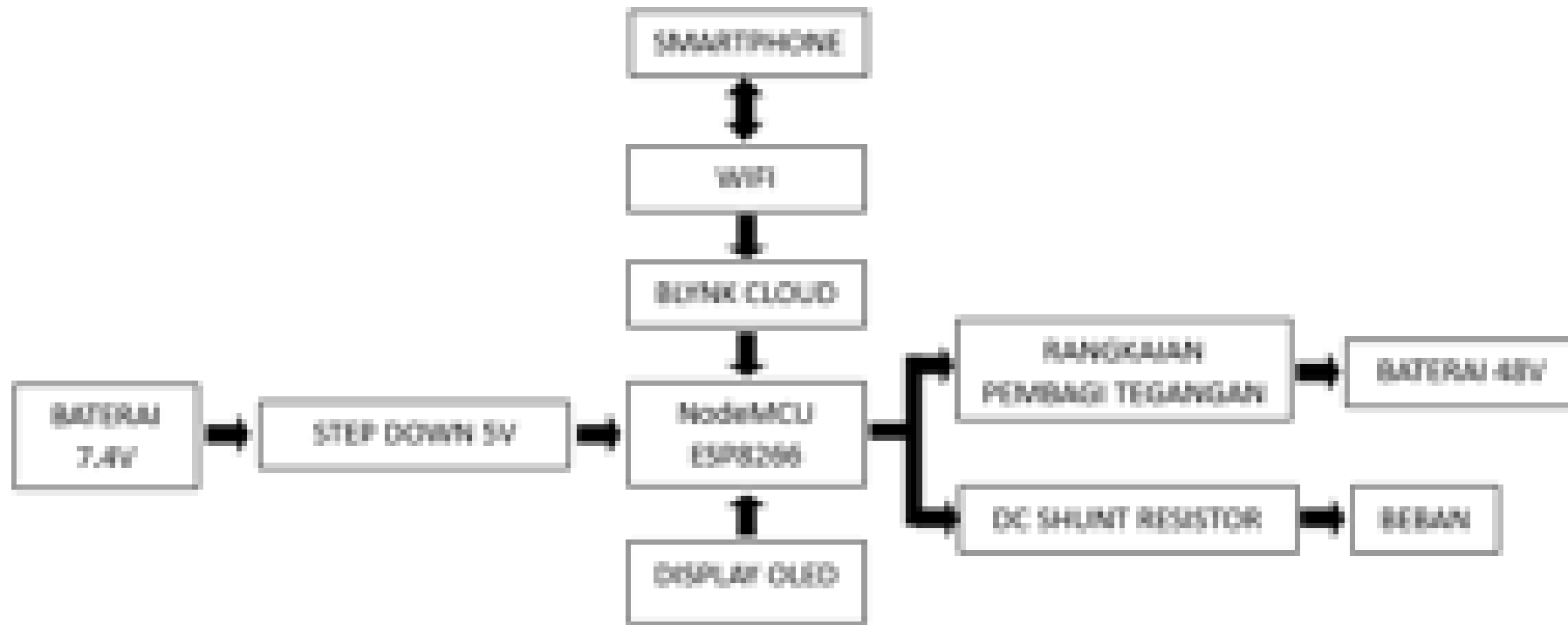
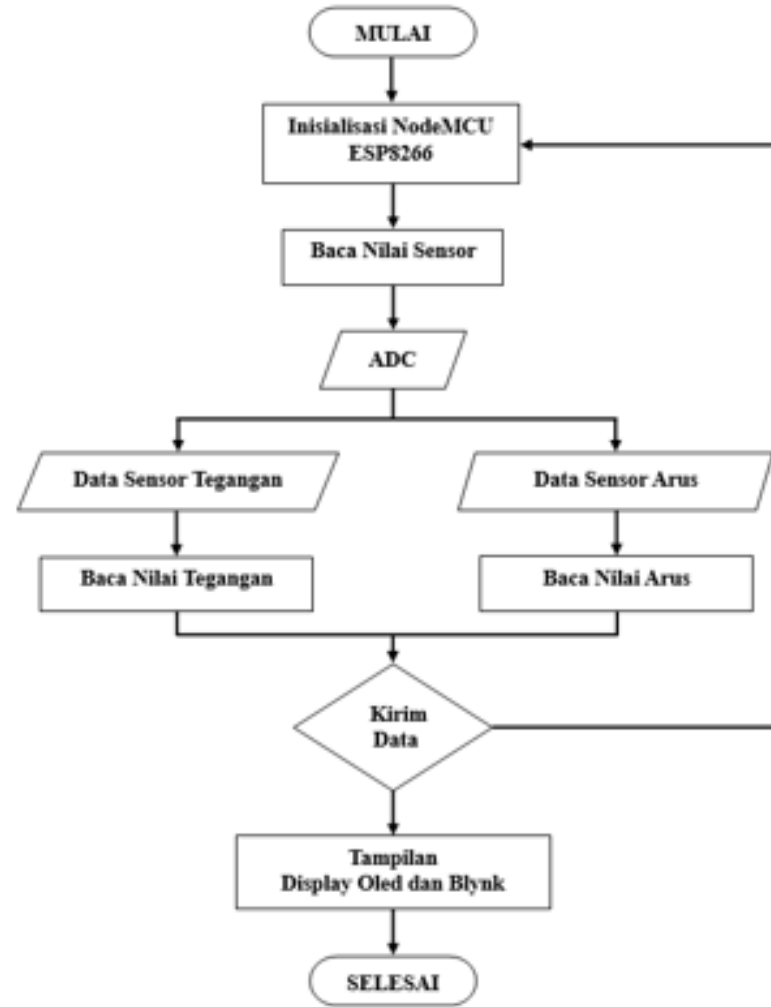


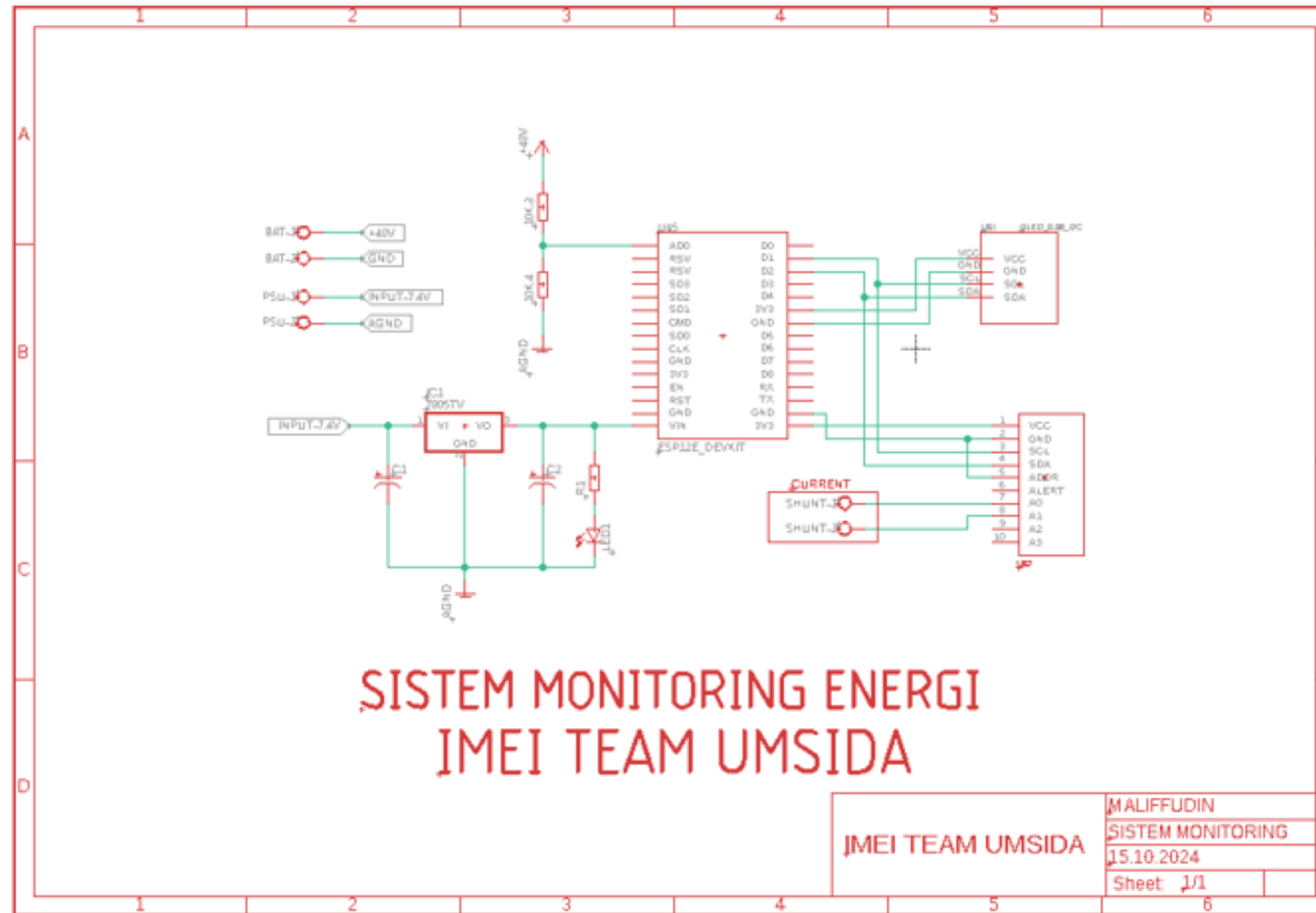
Diagram Blok



Flowchart



Wiring Diagram

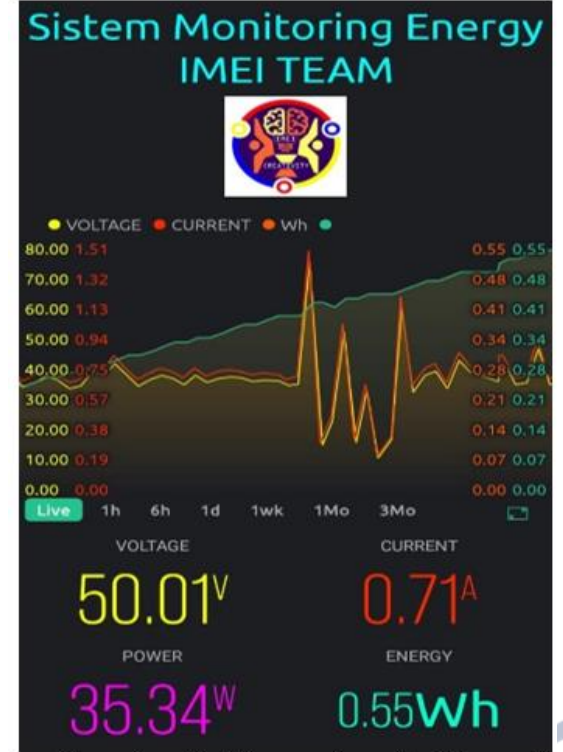


Hasil



```
//===== Daya
Daya=VOLT*Ampere;
//===== Energi

sample = sample + 1;
msec = millis();
Time = (float) msec / 1000.0;
totalCharge = totalCharge + Ampere;
averageAmps = totalCharge / sample;
ampSeconds = averageAmps*Time;
ampHours = ampSeconds/3600;
Energi = VOLT * ampHours;
```



Pembahasan

Alat ini mampu memonitoring Konsumsi energy dan Voltage baterai secara real time sehingga memudahkan anggota tim mobil listrik untuk menentukan strategi yang tepat untuk mengemudikan mobil apakah menggunakan strategi gas lepas atau gas konstan.

Pembahasan

No	Voltage on Calibrator (AVO Meter)	Voltage on Microcontroller (Oled Display)	Error (%)
1	50.46	50.43	0.06 %
2	50.45	50.44	0.02 %
3	50.42	50.39	0.06 %
4	50.46	50.45	0.02 %
5	50.41	50.38	0.06 %
6	50.44	50.4	0.08 %
7	50.38	50.35	0.06 %
8	50.42	50.4	0.04 %
9	50.4	50.36	0.08 %
10	50.45	50.41	0.08 %

No	Current on Calibrator (AVO Meter)	Current on Microcontroller (Oled Display)	Error (%)
1	0	0	0 %
2	0.26	0.23	0.13 %
3	0.38	0.33	0.15 %
4	0.49	0.45	0.09 %
5	0.59	0.54	0.09 %
6	0.67	0.61	0.10 %
7	0.77	0.72	0.07 %
8	0.88	0.81	0.09 %
9	0.98	0.91	0.08 %
10	1.22	1.15	0.06 %

Manfaat Penelitian

Berdasarkan pengujian yang telah dilakukan, penelitian ini berfokus pada pemantauan konsumsi energi mobil listrik secara *real time* saat mobil berada di lintasan dengan menggunakan komunikasi berbasis iot yang memanfaatkan jaringan internet sebagai penghubung antara user, sistem perangkat keras, dan sistem perangkat lunak. Dalam penelitian ini sistem alat yang dirancang hanya berfungsi sebagai sistem pemantauan konsumsi energi mobil listrik saat berada di lintasan, tanpa ada pengendalian terkait konsumsi energi yang dihasilkan. Keberhasilan implementasi sistem monitoring energi mobil listrik terintegrasi iot yang diimplementasikan pada mobil listrik imei team umsida dapat dilihat dari hasil pengujian yang telah dilakukan. Hasil pengujian menunjukkan bahwa sensor tegangan dan sensor arus yang digunakan mampu mendeteksi perubahan tegangan serta arus listrik pada mobil listrik. Pada skema ini, tingkat error pembacaan sensor tegangan yang dihasilkan kurang dari 0.1% dan tingkat error pembacaan sensor arus kurang dari 0.2%. Dengan adanya alat ini dapat membantu mempermudah analisa dalam menentukan strategi yang tepat untuk digunakan, sehingga performa mobil dapat lebih efisien.

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